## IN THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A method of displaying an input signal, the method comprising:

sampling the input signal;

searching for a zero space pattern in the sampled signal;

locating a first zero space;

locating a second zero space, following the first zero space;

calculating bit period of the input signal by determining time period between the first zero space and the second zero space; and

displaying the input signal using the calculated bit period as the basis for a scale; and

wherein each of the zero spaces is a period of time with no signal value above a threshold.

- 2. (original) The method recited in claim 1 further comprising initializing offset and time scale.
- 3. (original) The method recited in claim 1 further comprising determining whether NRZ autoscale is applicable.
- 4. (original) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the step of locating the first zero space comprises:

locating a first transition,  $X_1$ , where value of the input signal—is more than a threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , before the first transition,  $X_1$ , but less than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , after the first transition,  $X_1$ , the first transition,  $X_1$ , being the first such transition following the offset; and

locating a second transition,  $X_2$ , where value of the input signal is less than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , before the second transition,  $X_2$ , but more than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , after the second transition,  $X_2$ , the second transition,  $X_2$ , being the first such transition following the first transition,  $X_1$ .

5. (original) The method recited in claim 4 wherein the step of locating the second zero space comprises:

locating a third transition,  $X_3$ , where value of the input signal is more than a threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , before the third transition,  $X_3$ , but less than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , after the third transition,  $X_3$ , the third transition,  $X_3$ , being the first such transition following the second transition,  $X_2$ ; and

locating a fourth transition,  $X_4$ , where value of the input signal is less than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , before the fourth transition,  $X_4$ , but more than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , after the fourth transition,  $X_4$ , the fourth transition,  $X_4$ , being the first such transition following the third transition,  $X_3$ .

- 6. (original) The method recited in claim 5 wherein the step of calculating the bit period comprises determining temporal difference between the third transition,  $X_3$ , and the first transition,  $X_1$ .
- 7. (original) The method recited in claim 1 further comprising displaying the input signal using a multiple of the calculated bit period as the scale.
- 8. (currently amended) An apparatus for displaying an input signal, the apparatus comprising:

a processor;

storage connected to the processor, the storage including instructions for the processor to

sample the input signal;

search for a zero space pattern in the sampled signal;

locate a first zero space;

locate a second zero space, following the first zero space;

calculate bit period of the input signal by determining time period between the first zero space and the second zero space; and

display the input signal using the calculated bit period as the basis for a

scale; and

wherein each of the zero spaces is a period of time with no signal value above a threshold.

- 9. (original) The apparatus recited in claim 8 wherein the storage further comprises instructions for the processor to initialize offset and time scale.
- 10. (original) The apparatus recited in claim 8 wherein the storage further comprises instructions for the processor to determine whether NRZ autoscale is applicable.
- 11. (original) The apparatus recited in claim 8 wherein the storage further comprises instructions for the processor to:

locate a first transition,  $X_1$ , where value of the input signal is more than a threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , before the first transition,  $X_1$ , but less than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , after the first transition,  $X_1$ , the first transition,  $X_1$ , being the first such transition following the offset; and

locate a second transition,  $X_2$ , where value of the input signal is less than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , before the second transition,  $X_2$ , but more than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , after the second transition,  $X_2$ , the second transition,  $X_2$ , being the first such transition following the first transition,  $X_1$ .

12. (original) The apparatus recited in claim 11 wherein the storage further comprises instructions for the processor to:

locate a third transition,  $X_3$ , where value of the input signal is more than a threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , before the third transition,  $X_3$ , but less than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , after the third transition,  $X_3$ , the third transition,  $X_3$ , being the first such transition following the second transition,  $X_2$ ; and

locate a fourth transition,  $X_4$ , where value of the input signal is less than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , before the fourth transition,  $X_4$ , but more than the threshold value,  $V_{THRES}$ , after the fourth transition,  $X_4$ , the fourth transition,  $X_4$ , being the first such

transition following the third transition, X<sub>3</sub>.

- 13. (currently amended) The apparatus recited in claim  $\frac{5}{8}$  wherein the storage further comprises instructions for the processor to determine temporal difference between the third transition,  $X_3$ , and the first transition,  $X_1$ .
- 14. (original) The apparatus recited in claim 13 wherein the storage further comprises instructions for the processor to display the input signal using a multiple of the calculated bit period as the scale.
- 15. (currently amended) A machine readable medium comprising program for the machine to display an input signal, the program comprising instructions for the machine to:

sample the input signal;

search for a zero space pattern in the sampled signal;

locate a first zero space;

locate a second zero space, following the first zero space;

calculate bit period of the input signal\_by determining time period between the first zero space and the second zero space; and

display the input signal using the calculated bit period as the basis for a scale; and wherein each of the zero spaces is a period of time with no signal value above a threshold.

16. (original) The medium recited in claim 15 wherein the medium is selected from a group consisting of magnetic disc, optical disc, read only memory (ROM), random access memory (RAM), harddrive, compact disc (CD), flash memory, and solid state memory.

// //

//

## **INTERVIEW SUMMARY**

A. Application number: 10/027,604

B. Applicant: Chenjing Fernando

C. Examiner: LEE, Hwa C.

D. Interview date: December 15, 2004

E. Interview type: Telephonic

F. Participants: LEE, Hwa C., examiner

Chung, D. James, Attorney

G. Exhibits shown or demonstrated: None

H. Claims discussed: All, in general

I. Prior art References discussed: None, in particular

J. Agreements reached:

Claims allowable over the currently cited references as amended herein.

K. Signature of the examiner:

not available to the applicant.

L. No other PTO personnel were present.